Bricknell Primary School

PSHE Curriculum Overview



THE CONSTELLATION TRUST



Knowledge

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Achievement



The Curriculum – our approach

Bricknell Primary School's curriculum has been developed over a period of 36 months. Much thought has gone into the research foundations for how children learn, the implication of subject specific best practice and the context of our school.

Through collaboration, rigours attention to detail and consultation with primary practitioners, trust leaders, secondary and Early Years teachers; the curriculum reflects a scheme of work that is intended to be sequenced form Early Years to Year 6 and enable pupils to be ready for the Key Stage 3 curriculum and world beyond education.

The curriculum design has a progressive approach at its core with a built in Aspiration Curriculum at the heart.





Achievement

Intent:

The curriculum is built on the foundations of success. We believe all children should be aspirational, knowledgeable and should achieve their goals. This is the model our curriculum builds from

Aspiration

- An Aspiration Curriculum at the heart of every lesson.
- Building life skills to succeed outside the world of education.
- Real life examples and experiences in local contexts and in the wider world.
- Working with local colleges and building links.
- Community outreach opportunities.

Knowledge

- High quality teaching at the heart.
- Progressive curriculum mapping.
- Carefully timetabled broad and balanced curriculum.
- Carefully researched and implemented curriculum.
- Subject specific pedagogy.

Achievement

- Ambitious curriculum outcomes.
- Assessability for all.
- Identification and facilitation of pupil's passions and love for a subject.
- Achievement beyond the classroom and into further education demonstrating a love for learning.
- Extensive extra-curricular offer.

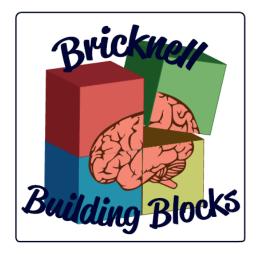


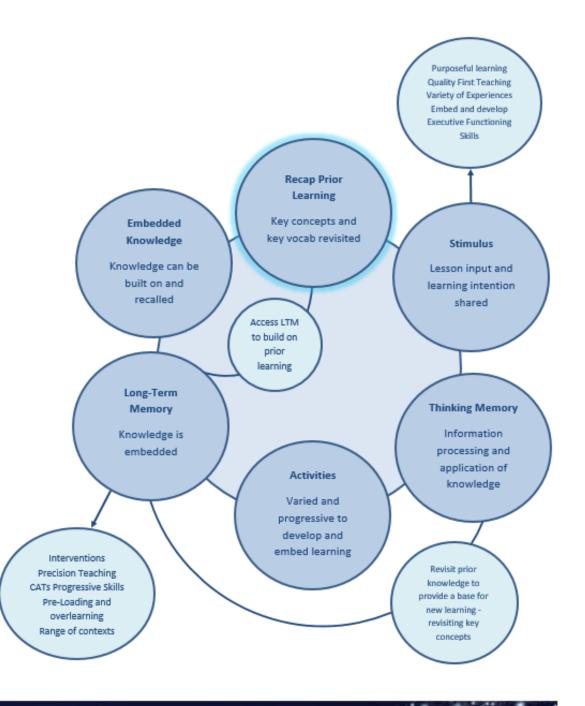
Knowledge

Bricknell's Working Memory Model

With the collation of all this extensive research, we have generated a 'Working Memory Model' which enables teachers to ensure that learning is robust and that all pupils are using their interconnected schema to their full potential.

At the core of our model is the retrieval of prior knowledge. Therefore, all lessons at Bricknell Primary School start with Bricknell's Building Blocks; the foundations to learning.





Aspiration

Knowledge

A Broad and Balanced Curriculum

| Hours per day | 4.25 |
|----------------|--------|
| Hours per week | 21.25 |
| Hours per year | 828.75 |

| Curriculum area | Hours per year | Total hours | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| English | | | | | | | |
| Reading | 78 | 195 | | | | | |
| Writing | 117 | 195 | | | | | |
| Maths | | | | | | | |
| Maths | 195 | 195 | | | | | |
| Computer Science | | | | | | | |
| Science | 78 | 117 | | | | | |
| Computing | 39 | 117 | | | | | |
| Humanities | | | | | | | |
| RE | 39 | | | | | | |
| History | 18 | 75 | | | | | |
| Geography | 18 | | | | | | |
| Creative | | | | | | | |
| Art | 18 | | | | | | |
| Design Technology | 18 | 54 | | | | | |
| Music | 18 | | | | | | |
| Additional | | | | | | | |
| Physical Education | 78 | | | | | | |
| PSHE | 39 | 156 | | | | | |
| MFL | 39 | | | | | | |

| Additional timetabled hours | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----|----|--|--|--|
| Enterprise Week | 10 | 20 | | | |
| Transition Week | 10 | 20 | | | |

At Bricknell, we want to ensure that we celebrate the talents of all pupils and provide everyone with opportunities to shine. Therefore, we have calculated the number of teaching hours available and have ensured that all pupils receive a broad and balanced curriculum at Key Stage 2.

To prepare our pupils for the digital world beyond the classroom and to enable their communication skills, upskilling them across all areas of the curriculum, we have allocated 39 hours a year to the computing curriculum. This can be cross curricular across all subjects and does not need to be taught each week.

Reading, Writing and Maths are taught daily.

Science Physical Education, PSHE, RE and MFL are required to be taught weekly.

These are highlighted in blue

History, Geography, Art, Design Technology and Music all have equal weighting with 18 hours a year broken down to 3 half-termly blocks.

Year 4 offer a wider opportunities musical programme to the children therefore music has an increased weighting of 39 hours and to compensate, computing has a reduced weighting of 18 hours

- Art and Design Technology will each have 3 half term blocks. These will be taught alternatively to support staff workload.
- Music will have 3 half-termly blocks which will be taught at the same time across the whole school.
- Computing, History and Geography can remain blocked (in line with MTP)
- In addition to the teaching hours, pupils at Bricknell Primary School also receive a minimum of 400 minutes (6 hours, 40 minutes) of Opal Play a week.



Aspiration

Knowledge

Key Concepts

Through collaboration with subject leaders and subject specialists across our secondary schools, each subject has identified key concepts (big ideas) for their subject. These key concepts are the skills and knowledge essential to pupils achieving and exceeding expected standards in that specific subject. Key concepts are subject specific and build progressively as pupils move through the school. When pupils encounter a key concept, they will revisit other topics where they learnt about the same concept to enable them to make connections between different learning and build the schema they need.

Below is a summary of the key concepts in PSHE.





Knowledge

Key concepts (Big Ideas) in **PSHE**

Pupils will develop the fundamental personal, social, health and emotional skills needed to underpin their development as people and enable them to thrive in society. Throughout the PSHE curriculum, Pupils will build a 'toolkit' to enable them to understand the ever changing world around them, understand how to keep themselves safe and healthy, form positive relationships, develop tolerance and understanding for others, understand their feelings, emotions and changes happening to their bodies and facilitate them to develop their own positive mental health. Within PSHE, pupils will also develop an understanding of British Values and the Protected Characteristics.

Being me in my world



Pupils will develop an understanding of children's rights. They will learn that with rights, come responsibilities, rules and consequences. They will learn how to articulate their emotions and understand that all emotions are valid. Pupils will learn that their views are important and see how their views link to living in a democratic society and further, how their actions and personal choices can have an affect locally, within their school community and globally.

Celebrating difference



Pupils will develop and understanding how our differences make us unique and special. They will focus more in depth on naming emotions and using this to manage conflict. Pupils will learn how to be understanding and tolerant of other people's differences, even if they don't understand or agree with them. They will learn how conflict and not showing tolerance can lead to bullying and how to navigate away from these situations. Pupils will also be addressing stereotypes for boys and girls and learning that they don't need to fit stereotypes and that assumptions shouldn't be made as they may cloud their judgement.

Dreams and goals



Pupils will understand what a challenge is and how this can be related to or developed into a goal. They will develop the skills to set appropriate and achievable goals while understanding the steps they need to take to be successful. They will explore a range of different careers and professions and how to be successful at obtaining their chosen career path. Pupils will also look at failure, that sometimes they won't achieve their goal and how to cope and overcome it with resilience and hard work. Pupils will develop an understanding for networks of support open to them and how to access these.

Healthy me



Pupils will understand what it means to be healthy, both physically and mentally. They will discover who can support them with keeping safe and healthy in our school, the community and the wider world. Pupils will learn what their body needs to keep them healthy and how this includes their mental health and well-being. They will understand that lifestyle choices such as friendship groups can have a negative impact on their health.

Relationships



Pupils will develop an understanding of healthy relationships, including managing peer pressure and control in different relationships. They will gain strategies for recognising and managing their feelings as well as developing relationships with friends and family, including conflict resolution and communication skills. They will also learn about bereavement and loss.

Changing me



Pupils will learn how their bodies change and develop as they get older, including the differences between boys and girls. They will learn about puberty, conception, pregnancy and birth.





| PSHE Key Concepts Year Group Mapping | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| | Auti | Autumn | | Spring | | nmer | |
| EYFS In EYFS pupils are taught PSHE through the strand Personal, Social and Emotional Development | | | | | | | |
| Year 1 | Being me in my world | Celebrating difference | Dreams and goals | Healthy me | Relationships | Changing me | |
| Year 2 | | | Dirats | | | A | |
| Year 3 | 16.0 | | A goods | | No. | | |
| Year 4 | | | | | | | |
| Year 5 | | | | | | | |
| Year 6 | | | | | | | |



| Knowledg | lge and skills sequencing PSHE | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | EYFS | Y1 | Y2 | Y3 | Y4 | Y5 | Y6 |
| Being me in ny world | To understand that there are similarities and differences between me and my friends. To show that I understand my own feelings and feelings of others. To manage my own feelings. To explain why we have rules and know the difference between | To explain why my class is a happy and safe place to learn. To give different examples where I or others make my class happy and safe. | To explain why my behaviour can impact on other people in my class. To compare my own and my friends' choices and can express why some choices are better than others. | To explain how my behaviour can affect how others feel and behave. To explain why it is important to have rules and how that helps me and others in my class learn. To explain why it is important to feel valued. | To explain why being listened to and listening to others is important in my school community. To explain why being democratic is important and can help me and others feel valued. | To compare my life with other people in my country and explain why we have rules, rights and responsibilities to try and make the school and the wider community a fair place. To explain how the actions of one person can affect another and can give examples of this from school and a wider community context. | To explain how my choices can have an impact on people in my immediate community and globally. To empathise with others in my community and globally and explain how this can influence the choices I make. |
| Celebrating difference | right and wrong. To show sensitivity to my own needs and the needs of others. I know how to be a kind friend. To stand up for myself and know what words to use if someone is being unkind. To understand that being different is what makes me special and that it is okay if we are all good at different things. | To tell you some ways that I am different and similar to other people in my class, and why this makes us all special | To explain that sometimes people get bullied because they are seen to be different; this might include people who do not conform to gender stereotypes. | To describe different conflicts that might happen in family or friendship groups and the effects of what people say in these situations | To tell you a time when my first impression of someone changed as I got to know them. To also explain why bullying might be difficult to spot and what to do about it if I'm not sure. | To explain the differences between direct and indirect types of bullying and can offer a range of strategies to help myself and others if we become involved (directly or indirectly) in a bullying situation. | To explain ways in which difference can be a source of conflic or a cause for celebration. |

Aspiration

Knowledge

| | EYFS | Y1 | Y2 | Y3 | Y4 | Y5 | Y6 |
|------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| Dreams and goals | To talk about jobs I might like to do when I am older. To work towards a simple goal. To try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance when something is difficult. | To explain how I feel when I am successful and how this can be celebrated positively. | To explain how I played my part in a group and the parts other people played to create an end product. To explain how our skills complemented each other. | To explain the different ways that help me learn and what I need to do to improve. | To plan and set new goals even after a disappointment. | To compare my hopes and dreams with those of young people from different cultures. | To explain different ways to work with others to help make the world a better place |
| Healthy me | To manage my own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and personal safety. I understand why it is important to make healthy food choices and exercise. | To explain why I think my body is amazing and can identify a range of ways to keep it safe and healthy. | To explain why foods and medicines can be good for my body comparing my ideas with less healthy/ unsafe choices | To identify things, people and places that I need to keep safe from, and can tell you some strategies for keeping myself safe and healthy including who to go to for help. | To recognise when people are putting me under pressure and can explain ways to resist this when I want to. | To explain different roles that food and substances can play in people's lives. To also explain how people can develop eating problems (disorders) relating to body image pressures and how smoking and alcohol misuse is unhealthy. | To explain when substances including alcohol are being used anti-socially or being misused and the impact this can have on an individual and others. |
| Relationships | To be able to form positive attachments to adults and have friendships with peers; To have some strategies to use if you feel upset or angry To be able to work and play cooperatively, take turns with others and think of ways to mend friendships | To be able to explain why you have special relationships with some people and how these relationships help you feel safe and good about yourself. To be able to also explain how your qualities help these relationships | To be able to explain why some things might make people feel uncomfortable in a relationship and compare this with relationships that make people feel safe and special. | To be able to explain how your life is influenced positively by people you know and also by people from other countries. | To be able to recognise how people are feeling when they miss a special person or animal. | To be able to compare different types of friendships and the feelings associated with them. To be able to also explain how to stay safe when using technology to communicate with your friends, including how to stand up for yourself, negotiate and to resist peer pressure. | To be able to identify when people may be experiencing feelings associated with loss and also recognise when people are trying to gain power or control. |

Aspiration

Achievement

| | EYFS | Y1 | Y2 | Y3 | Y4 | Y5 | Y6 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| Changing me | To understand that we all grow from babies to adults To be able to name parts of the body | To be able to compare how you are now to when you were a baby and explain some of the changes that will happen to me as you get older. To be able to use the correct names for private parts of the body and give reasons why they are private. | To be able to use the correct terms to describe private parts of the body and explain why they are private. To be able to explain why some types of touches feel OK and others don't. | To be able to explain how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside/outside during the growing up process and can explain why these changes are necessary so that your bodies can make babies when you grow up. | To be able to summarise the changes that happen to boys' and girls' bodies that prepare them for making a baby when they are older. | To be able to explain how boys and girls change during puberty and why looking after yourself physically and emotionally is important. To be able to also summarise the process of conception. | To be able to describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born. |

Second Order Concepts

Second order concepts are fundamental knowledge and skills which are transferable across a range of curriculum subjects. For example, we introduce pupils to the concept of 'similarity and difference' early in their education, developing the observational skills and language needed to make comparisons. This is developed and applied as pupils move through the school so they can confidently apply this in all areas of the curriculum by upper Key Stage Two.

A summary of the second order concepts and how they apply to PSHE are provided in the table below.

Aspiration

| Curriculum subject | Significance | Similarity and difference | Cause and consequence | Continuity and change | Responsibility | Communication (Oracy & Written) | Enquiry |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---------|
| PSHE | Significant people, dates and events | Making comparisons between themselves and their peers, people from other ethnic backgrounds and understanding diversity. | The impact of behaviours, actions and language on others | How attitudes and beliefs have changed over time | Personal responsibility, responsibility to others, being healthy, sex and relationship education, resilience, British values, protected characteristics | Emotional literacy, discussion, listening, empathy and understanding, | |

Knowledge

